APRIL, 1786. THE NUMB. 2914.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1786.

THE Members of the Philadelphia Contributionſhip for inſuring Houſes from Loſs by Fire are deſired to meet at the Court-houſe, on the tenth Day of April next, between the Hours of Two and Five in the Afternoon, in order to chooſe twelve Directors and a Treaſurer for the enſuing Year. Philad. March 26, 1786. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnerſhip of CALEB and GEORGE NORTH is diſſolved agreeable to contract; therefore all perſons indebted to them are deſired to make immediate payment, or give their obligation, with ſecurity if demanded.

There are now opening for ſale, at the ſtore formerly occupied by Caleb and George North, in Coventry, a handſome aſſortment of Merchandiſe, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which will be ſold at the very loweſt prices for caſh, by

March 22, 1786 § NORTH & WILSON.

WHEREAS we, the ſubſcribers, living in Leacock and Lampeter townſhips, in the county of Lancaſter, have propoſed to ſell and diſpoſe of that certain Lot, No. 8, ſituated in the town of New-Holland, in Earl townſhip, and county aforeſaid. Now theſe are to requeſt all and every perſon or perſons to acquaint us ſpeedily, if any there be, who have a right, and are deſirous to hold ſaid lot, by any previous grant or promiſe given or made to them or their aſſigns, by John Smith, late deceaſed, and the ſubſcriber Moſes Brinton; and upon proving there was any ſuch grant or promiſe, and paying of the purchaſe-money, with the intereſt from the time that ſaid town was laid out, he or they, or their aſſigns, ſo complying, ſhall have a clear title for the ſame; otherwiſe, if there be no proof made before the firſt day of the Fifth month (called May) next, then and from thenceforth we ſhall hold ourſelves excuſed from any claim to ſuch previous grants and promiſes aforeſaid.

¶ MOSES BRINTON,
Third Month 20, 1786. JAMES SMITH, junior.

Bucks county, March 17, 1786.

WHEREAS William Roberts, Eſq; High Sheriff of the county of Bucks, hath, in purſuance of warrants to him directed, made report to us at Newtown and elſewhere, in ſaid county, that he had taken the bodies, ſeized and ſecured the eſtates real and perſonal of John Prowle and Thomas Ramſey, Collectors of Tinicum; Daniel Hough and Enoch Bett's real eſtate, Collectors of Solebury; Jeſſe Jackſon, Collector of Benſalem; Zebulon Pike, Collector of Buckingham, and Jonathan Kinſey, his ſecurity; Owen Lovett, Collector of Falls townſhip; John Taylor, jun. Collector of Upper Makefield; Enoch Roberts, Collector of Millford; Patrick Hunter, Collector of Newtown; John Low, Collector of Rockhill; Jacob Burk, Collector of Richland; Cornelius Vanſant, Collector of Lower Makefield; and Daniel Martin, Adminiſtrator to the eſtate of Valentine Nelſon, a Collector, deceaſed, of Middletown townſhip, for the balance due on the ſeveral duplicates ſent them by the Board of Commiſſioners, who have not paid the amount thereof unto John Hart, Eſq; county Treaſurer, agreeable to the ſeveral laws of this ſtate.

NOTICE is therefore given, that a general meeting of the Commiſſioners will be held at Newtown, on the 22d day of April next enſuing, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where the ſaid John Prowle, Thomas Ramſey, Daniel Hough, Enoch Betts, Jeſſe Jackſon, Zebulon Pike, Jonathan Kinſey, Owen Lovett, John Taylor, jun. Enoch Roberts, Patrick Hunter, John Low, Jacob Burk, Cornelius Vanſant, and Daniel Martin, Adminiſtrator of Valentine Nelſon, deceaſed, are requeſted to pay the balances of their reſpective duplicates, otherwiſe warrants will be iſſued to empower the Sheriff to proceed to the ſale of the ſaid Collectors goods and chattels, lands and tenements, or ſuch parts thereof as may be ſuffiſient to diſcharge the ſaid balances, with coſts, &c. agreeable to law, in this caſe made and provided.

¶ ALEXANDER HUGHES, JOSEPH M'ILVAINE, NATHANIEL ELLICOTT. } Commiſſioners.

BARK wanted in Philadelphia.

A LARGE quantity of the following kinds, viz. Spaniſh, White, Hemlock, Burch and Black Oak, of which there has been a ſcarcity ſeveral years paſt. It is requeſted by the Tanners in the city, that the Farmers would remember the time for getting this valuable commodity, to be careful in putting it up to dry when ſtripped, and as ſpeedily as they can, after it is ſufficiently dried, to bring it to town, for want of which care they have ſuffered conſiderable loſs.

Third month 23, 1786.

Philadelphia, March 28, 1786.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JAMES MITCHELL, baker, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to made immediate payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to deliver them in, properly atteſted, in order for ſettlement.

¶ WILLIAM BRADDIN, ALEXANDER M'FAIL, ALEXANDER SMITH, } Adminiſtrators.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Fourth-ſtreet, Philadelphia, an indented ſervant girl, named CATHARINE SHORT, about 18 years of age, fair complexion, brown hair: Had on, and took with her, one new mode bonnet, a brown gamblet cloak, lined with green baize, one red worſted gown, one calicoe ditto, a blue callamanco ſkirt, one black quilted ditto, two aprons, one check, the other white, one pair thread hoſe, and a pair of old ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that her maſter may have her again, ſhall have the above reward.

† WILLIAM ANDERSON.

TO BE LETT,

For one or two years from the firſt of May next,

THAT large, commodious and beautiful country ſeat belonging to the Rev. Dr. SMITH, commanding an extenſive view of the river Schuylkill at the falls, now occupied by John Rice, Eſq; with all convenient ſtables and other out-houſes, and alſo from 20 to 40 acres of meadow and other ground, as may beſt ſuit the tenant. For terms apply to the Hon. Thomas Mifflin, Eſq; or Major Von Heer, adjoining the premiſes, or to William Moore Smith, Eſq; at Col. Craig's, Montgomery county.

Alſo to be lett, A plantation of about 230 acres of LAND in Lower Merion, adjoining Mr. Algernon Roberts, and oppoſite Righter's Ferry on Schuylkill. Apply as above.

Gloucester county, March 27, 1786.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away yeſterday, from the ſubſcriber, living in Waterford townſhip, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named PATRICK TOOL, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, thick ſet, of a ruddy complexion, dark brown hair, ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh; had on and took with him when he went away, a homeſpun lead coloured upper thick jacket, with a fall down collar and cuffs to the ſleeves, patches on the elbows and cuffs of new cloth with wooden buttons, one blue and white ſtriped under ditto, old leather breeches, two pair of blue grey yarn ſtockings, half worn ſhoes with hob nails in the heels and toes, a ſmall felt hat, a large good axe, and a new hemp ſheeting wallet with a patch on one end. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by JOB COLES. ¶

N. B. If ſaid ſervant is taken up and confined in any goal, it is deſired the ſame may be advertiſed in this paper.

WHEREAS the eſtates of Matthias Aſpden, Thomas Bulla, Francis Armſtrong and William Armſtrong, late of the county of Cheſter, having by due courſe of law been forfeited and ſeized to the uſe of this ſtate, I the ſubſcriber, Agent for ſaid county, do hereby give notice, that the eſtates of ſaid Matthias Aſpden, Thomas Bulla, Francis and William Armſtrong, conſiſting of the following tracts of land, viz.

Matthias Aſpden's, 150 acres and buildings, in the townſhip of Newtown; on this plantation is a good orchard, 10 or 12 acres of good watered meadow, and more may be made, a good ſtream of water running through the plantation, near half woodland.

Thomas Bulla's, 200 acres and buildings, in Sadſbury townſhip; this plantation is well improved, and the farm good.

Francis and William Armſtrong's, being one half of 200 acres and buildings, in Sadſbury, undivided, chiefly woodland. All which will be ſold by public vendue, at the Court-houſe, in Cheſter, on the 29th day of April next. The ſale to begin at twelve o'clock. The terms of ſale according to law, viz. one fourth part of the purchaſe money to be paid in ten days after ſale, or the premiſes to revert to the ſtate, and the bidder liable to forfeit the ſaid one fourth part of the purchaſe money; the remainder to be paid in one month. Officers and ſoldiers depreciation certificates to be received in payment, or caſh.

And I, as Agent, do alſo, purſuant to law, hereby notify all the claimants of the ſaid premiſes, or any of them, and the creditors of the ſaid Matthias Aſpden, Thomas Bulla, Francis and William Armſtrong, to exhibit their claims and demands to the Juſtices of the Supreme Court, within the time limitted by law, or they will be for ever debarred from the recovery thereof.

March 27, 1786. ¶ THOMAS LEVIS, Agent.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Northampton (near the town of Mount-holly) in the county of Burlington and ſtate of New-Jerſey, on the night of the 14th inſtant March, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JAMES ELLIOT, (a baker by trade) about 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, has long black hair and ſometimes wears it tied, he is of a ſouriſh countenance, freſh coloured, with light eyes; had on and took with him a ſuit of yellow jean cloaths ſomething faded, a greyiſh coloured great coat with a corduroy cape, a new caſtor hat, with a middle ſize brim, bound with velvet, a pair of boots ſome worn and have both been torn above the counter acroſs the ſeam, and ſtitched up again, a pair of neats leather ſhoes half worn, with a pair of plain plated buckles, one of the anchors twiſted out of its proper ſhape, he alſo took with him a razor, razor-ſtrap and caſe, ſtrap and caſe numbered, and on the laſt ſide of the caſe is the maker's name John Linch, and the two firſt letters of the ſubſcriber's name, the latter with paler ink than the former, he took with him ſundry cloaths hardly known, and probably he will diſpoſe of ſome of them for money, as he has none to my knowledge. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid, by JOHN COOPER §

N. B. It is ſuppoſed he is in company with George and William Thomas, who are Engliſhmen, and follow ditching.

Buckingham, Bucks County, Third-month 23, 1786.

WAS found tied in the wood, on the night of the 11th inſt. a bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, ſeven or eight years old, with a ſtar and ſnip, paces and trots, with a ſaddle and bridle, and a bag with feed; likewiſe a wallet, with two pair of ſtockings, one pair lately waſhed and not dry, two rope halters and a bridle, with ſome other things, ſuppoſed to be left there by a certain man who was ſeen carrying ſome hay from the ſubſcriber's barn, near William Bennet's tavern. The owner or owners are deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away. ‡ AMOS BRADSHAW.

To be Sold or rented,

POINT BREEZE, near Bordentown, containing about 150 acres, 12 acres of meadow cleared, and about twice that quantity may be made; the reſt wood and arable land, about half of each. There are on the premiſes a good frame houſe, barn, ſtable, cow and carriage-houſe, milk-houſe, &c. alſo a good orchard of the beſt grafted fruit, of between 2 and 300 apple-trees, and a good collection of other fruit now in their prime for bearing, ſuch as pears, peaches, plumbs, cherries, almonds, gooſeberries, raſberries, ſtrawberries, and currants of ſundry ſorts, white and purple foreign and country grapes; a large garden paiſed in, with a good collection of flower roots, and kitchen ditto, well calculated for a gentleman's country reſidence from its extenſive proſpect and healthy ſituation on the river Delaware, within four miles of where the fœderal town is to be built. The ſtage from Philadelphia to New-York goes twice a week within half a mile of it, by which any thing can be brought from either place at a cheap rate. There is plenty of good ſport for the lovers of ſhooting and angling on and near the premiſes. Time will be given, if required, for the greateſt part of the purchaſe-money. If not ſold by the firſt of April, it will be rented for one year.

Alſo a ſmall houſe, and one acre of ground, joining the above place, with 20 or 30 apple and other fruit trees on it, on the road from Bordentown to Trenton.

A houſe, and lot of one acre, in Kingſton, on the road to New-York, between Princeton and Brunſwick; the houſe has four rooms on a floor beſides the kitchen, and has been kept as a tavern.--------Apply to Col. Hogeland for the two firſt deſcribed places, and to Abraham Cruſon, Eſq; near Kingſton, for the houſe there, or to the ſubſcriber, in New-York.

¶ GEORGE DOUGLASS.

IN the Pennſylvania Gazette, bearing date the 8th of this inſtant, a certain Iſaiah Keith preſumptuouſly publiſhed an advertiſement, ſetting forth that a certain John Fowler, of Lancaſter county, did obtain two notes of him illegally, each note to the amount of twenty-five pounds; theſe are to certify that I will prove that I legally obtained the notes of another perſon, to whom he gave ſaid notes for my uſe, for the payment of two lots of ground, for which I have his titles ready at any time when the agreement is complied with. And all other perſons that have given their obligations to me for lots of ground laid out on that tract of land, known by the name of Gibbon's farm and mill, to come and pay the money, and receive their titles before the firſt day of April next, as they will be proceeded againſt as the law directs, on their refuſing titles when tendered to them. And do further promiſe that no perſon ſhall pay any money to me, nor any of their obligations aſſigned to any perſon whatſoever, the complying with the articles, but each purchaſer to pay their money to the Prothonotary of Lancaſter county, or any other fit perſon, of whom they ſhall be aſſured their titles are good in reſpect of any judgments or mortgages entered in the office of ſaid county.

March 13, 1786. § JOHN FOWLER.

To be SOLD at public Sale,

On the premiſes, the 10th day of April next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Springfield townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 149 and half acres, adjoinging lands of Lewis Davis, Owen Roads and others; there is on ſaid place a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, a good frame barn, and other out-houſes, fruit trees of moſt kinds of fruit, about 12 acres of meadow, and more may be made; the place is in good repair, and there is a ſufficiency of woodland to ſupply the place with timber. Attendance will be given, and the conditions made known on the day of ſale, by the ſubſcribers, living in Darby townſhip, Cheſter county. The ſale to begin at one o'clock. BENJAMIN BONSALL,

¶ JOSEPH BONSALL.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

On the 18th of April next, on the premiſes,

A CERTAIN Piece of Land, containing about 10 acres, with a good mill ſeat, that hath about 20 feet fall, a good ſtream ſufficient to accommodate any kind of water works, ſituate about half a mile from the market houſe in Germantown; late the eſtate of Jeremiah Trout, deceaſed; an indiſputable title will be made, and the conditions of ſale made known on the day of ſale, by

March 16, 1786. ¶ HANNAH TROUT, Executrix.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE Tracts of Land, each containing 300 acres, two of them adjoining together, and lying one mile from Suſquehanna river, and the other lying about 10 miles from the other two, upon Shamokin creek; the whole ſituate this ſide of the ſaid river, within 12 miles from Sunbury town, in Northumberland county. For further particulars, enquire of the Printers hereof. Wet and dry goods will be taken in payment. ‡

STATE LOTTERY-OFFICE,

MARCH 8, 1786.

WHEREAS the honorable the *General Aſſembly*, by a ſupplement to the Lottery Law, paſſed this ſeſſion, have enacted,—"That it ſhall and may "be lawful for the managers of the ſaid lottery, and "they are hereby enjoined and required, to prepare "for the ſecond, third, and fourth claſſes of the ſaid "lottery, pieces of blank paper of equal dimen-"ſions, and of the ſize of the papers upon which "the prizes are to be written, conformably to the "directions of the act, to which this is a ſupple-"ment; and the ſaid blanks, ſo prepared, ſhall "cauſe to be rolled up and tied in the ſame manner, "and as much as poſſible to reſemble the prizes; of "which blanks ſo rolled up and tied, ſeven thouſand "two hundred and ninety ſeven ſhall be put into the "wheel containing the prizes of the ſecond claſs, "and being well mixed with the ſaid prizes, ſhall "be drawn with them."

In purſuance whereof, the honorable the *Supreme Executive Council* have been pleaſed to order, "That "on the ſecond *Tueſday* of *April* next, the Managers "of the State Lottery proceed to the drawing of the "Second Claſs of the ſaid Lottery."

TICKETS in the SECOND CLASS are to be had at the *Lottery Office* in Third-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD,

A LARGE convenient HOUSE and LOT in the town of Reading, and county of Berks, ſituate at the corner of Penn and Callowhill-ſtreets. The lot is 60 feet front, and about 230 feet in depth, to a 20 feet alley. The houſe is built of brick, well finiſhed, and in good order, two ſtories high, four rooms on each floor, a cellar under the whole, a convenient kitchen back of the houſe, a frame ſtable, and adjoining to the houſe in front is a ſmall frame tenement, ſuitable for a ſhop. The ſituation of this houſe for trade is equal to any in town, and being on the Court-houſe ſquare, is airy and pleaſant. One half of the purchaſe money being paid down, the remainder will be accepted in two payments, at ſix and twelve months, without intereſt. For terms, apply to COLLINSON READ, Eſq; in Reading, or the ſubſcriber, in Front, near Vine-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

¶ 4 w. ELIZABETH LIGHTFOOT.

ABSCONDED from his maſter's ſervice, a Servant Man, named Henry Featherſtone, about 25 years old, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thin long viſage, ſhort curled black hair, by trade a blackſmith. Had on and took with him a white linnen ſhirt and waiſtcoat, a ſhort ſpotted cotton waiſtcoat, a blue cloth coat with white-metal buttons, corduroy breeches, two pair of ſtockings, and other clothes not rightly known. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive TWO SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE Reward, paid by GEORGE GODDARD, Blackſmith.

Northern Liberties, March 9th, 1786. ¶

CHARLESTON *(S. C.) March* 14.

A diſturbance happened this afternoon between two men, who are ſaid to be Algerines, dreſſed in Aſiatic habits, and who have travelled from Virginia here; one of them, on a queſtion being aſked, drew a dirk and made a paſs at a perſon, which happily miſſed him. They are ſince taken into cuſtody, and will undergo an examination.

HARTFORD *(Connecticut) March* 13.

We hear that thoſe gentlemen, in this ſtate, who have been honored with the truſt of receiving ſubſcriptions for printing the hiſtory of the American revolution, &c. by the Reverend Dr. G-------n, have *taken in* two ſubſcribers; one for twenty ſhillings, the other only for his name.

NEW-YORK, *March* 30.

At laſt, ſomething like conſiſtency is like to grow out of the money bill; one hundred and fifty thouſand pounds is to be ſent on loan. A tax bill of fifty thouſand pounds will now likely come forward, for the expreſs purpoſe of paying intereſt on the ſtate debt, at leaſt 7 and a half per cent. The continental part of the debt is provided for by the bill which paſſed the Aſſembly yeſterday, complying with the requiſition of Congreſs of September, 1785. Theſe bills once in force, with thoſe for the collection of arrears of taxes and quit-rents, and further ſales of waſte lands and confiſcated eſtates, we may reaſonably expect the ſtate ſecurities will at leaſt bring the holders 10s. in the pound before January, 1787.

Mr. Commiſſioner LEE's SPEECH, *before the ſigning of the Treaty, to the Indian nations, aſſembled at Fort M'Intoſh, on the Ohio.*

SACHEMS & WARRIORS,

WE have conſidered what you ſaid to us two days ago, and find you do not fully comprehend what we delivered to you before: We have therefore called you together, to clear your underſtanding on thoſe points in which you appear to have been moſt miſtaken.

You told us, that you were in ſo great a hurry to come to the treaty, upon receiving our meſſage, that you had not time to collect our people, whom you keep priſoners among you. But you ought to have remembered, that the ſame meſſage informed you, that the bringing in and delivering up thoſe priſoners was an indiſpenſible preliminary to your obtaining peace. You ought to have been ſenſible that neither the dignity nor the feelings of the United States would ſuffer you to detain in captivity their citizens of any deſcription.

You next expreſs your gladneſs, that the Six Nations, your uncles, had given us ſome of their country; it is quite the contrary. We have given the late hoſtile part of the Six Nations ſome of the country we conquered from them, and we have ſecured their lands to thoſe who were friendly. Our friends have experienced the good faith of the United States---Our enemies have felt their bounty and forgiveneſs. We hope this will be a laſting example to them---to you, and to all the other nations, of the lenity and virtue of the United States.

You have been particular in deſcribing to us the claim and title of each tribe, from Venango, towards the ſun's riſing, to the Miami, towards the ſetting ſun, and between the Ohio and lake Erie. The detail of theſe claims and titles may appear to be of conſequence among yourſelves; but to us, and to the buſineſs of this council fire, to which we have called you, they have no relation, becauſe we claim this country by conqueſt, and are to give to you, not to receive from you. It is of this, that it behoves you to have a clear and diſtinct comprehenſion.

SACHEMS & WARRIORS,

When the King of Great-Britain invaded our country, the Great Council of the United States did not aſk you to take up the hatchet for them; they adviſed you to ſit ſtill; not to meddle in the war between the two people, but to remain quiet ſpectators of the conteſt, that you might not ſuffer in the war, nor by its conſequences. This advice was full of wiſdom and of goodneſs towards you. In a treaty at Fort Pitt, you ſolemnly engaged your faith to us, that you would follow their advice and remain neuter; yet when the mighty fleets and armies of Great-Britain preſſed hard upon us, in our utmoſt difficulty and diſtreſs, you violated your faith----you joined our enemies----you lifted the hatchet high againſt us, you ſmote our naked borders with all your might, you burnt our dwellings, and carried our women and our children into captivity. But the Great Spirit, who ſees and avenges violence and perfidy, gave us victory over all our enemies. The wings of his providence were ſpread over us, and his right hand fought for us. Two great armies of the King of England were obliged to ſurrender themſelves priſoners; and he was compelled to yield up to us all the country deſcribed in the treaty which has been explained to you. We drove you from your towns, and from the country now before us.

Had we been conquered, our lands would have been ſubject to the King of Great Britain, and to you. By the ſame law, you being conquered, your lands muſt be at our diſpoſal. As you would have expected to ſhare with the King of Great-Britain, in the fruits of his victory, ſo you muſt ſuffer the conſequence of his defeat.

The King of England has made peace with us upon our own terms. Your uncles, the Six Nations, have accepted peace from us on our own terms, you ſtand now alone againſt our whole force; a force, which if provoked to fall upon you, would fall like the mighty oak that cruſhes the ſhrubs beneath.

Sachems and Warriors, Liſten to my words: After having violated the faith you pledged to us; after having made a war upon us, cruel and unprovoked; after having been conquered by the United States, and abandoned by your allies; from the juſtice of the United States you can expect nothing; from their magnanimity and mercy you may hope much; perhaps as much as the Six Nations, your uncles, who, though they ſinned like you, have received from the Great Council forgiveneſs, peace, protection, cloaths to cover and to comfort them, with land to live and hunt on.

Sachems and Warriors, Theſe things we have thought neceſſary to preſs upon your minds, previous to our communicating to you the ultimate will of the United States, which we ſhall do in a few days. In the mean time we expect that a due conſideration of what we have now ſaid, will clear your underſtandings, remove the miſtakes you were under, and convince you of the juſtice and benignity of what we ſhall propoſe to you.

After ſigning the treaty Mr. Lee addreſſed them thus:

Sachems and Warriors of the Wiandot, Delaware, Ottowa and Cheppawa Nations,

In the name, and by the authority of the United States, we now take the hatchet out of your head; give you peace, and receive you into their protection.

A white belt,

We open the road between the United States and you, and make clear the path of trade between our people and yours.

A broad belt,

Brothers of the Wiandot, Delaware, Ottawa and Cheppawa Nations,

We have now eſtabliſhed peace and reſtored trade between the citizens of the United States and you: May the Great Spirit bleſs the work! We have taken the hatchet out of your head, and buried it deep; may it never be again taken up to break the chain of friendſhip! By the mildneſs with which the United States have uſed the advantages they obtained over you, by the peace they have given you, and by the generous proviſion they have in lands for you and your people, you muſt be convinced of their magnanimity and moderation. Let it be your ſtudy, by your future conduct, to ſhew that you are ſenſible of it, and are worthy of it. If the Evil Spirit ſhould ever tempt you again to be ungrateful; to break your promiſe, now ſolemnly made, and to return injuries to the United States for the benefits you have received; recollect what you have ſuffered, and remember what we now tell you, that to offend again, will be to offend paſt all forgiveneſs, and muſt end in your utter ruin.

We have endeavoured to explain every thing fully to you, ſo that you could not be miſtaken: We have taken particular care to keep you ſober, ſo that your underſtandings might be clear, and your judgement undeceived. Therefore what you have now promiſed, has been done with your eyes and ears full open, and your minds perfectly informed. You cannot then hereafter have the ſmalleſt excuſe for not keeping the promiſes you have made. We recommend to you to treat our traders well, and we ſhall endeavour ſo to regulate them that they ſhall not impoſe upon you: For which purpoſe we deſire you will not trade with any white men; but ſuch as ſhew you a licence from us: We exhort you and your young men to turn your thoughts to hunting, and to abſtain from ſhedding human blood: For the Great Spirit hath ſaid from above, he that ſheddeth the blood of man, by man ſhall his blood be ſhed.

Brothers, Let what we have ſaid to you, and the advice we have given you, govern your conduct. Talk of it often among yourſelves, teach it to your children; ſo ſhall you live in peace and proſper: So ſhall you deſerve and receive the fatherly protection of the United States.

Anſwer of the Council Door, a Delaware Chief:

Brothers, Every thing I have heard from you is right: It goes to my heart, and is lodged there. Brothers, hearken, at different times the hatchet was offered to me, three days I refuſed it; but was deceived, and at laſt took it up. I repeat that I was deceived: The ſame hatchet I hold in my hand, but now I lay it down: Having laid it down, I bury it, ſo that none of our children in future ſhall know that ſuch a thing ever was.

Gave a belt.

The Half King then roſe and anſwered in theſe words: Brothers of the Thirteen United States, give attention to what your brothers the Wiandots are going to ſay:

As I am the oldeſt nation, I ſpeak in behalf of all the others: We now take the hatchet out of all your heads, and bear it away, and throw it down into a deep hole, then I put a great tree upon it, and throw the whole into the river, that it may never be ſeen more.

We give thanks to our brothers of the Thirteen United States, and are very glad in our hearts that peace is eſtabliſhed: Brothers, I hope you will tell your warriors and great chiefs what you have done, and we ſhall ſpread it among ours, that it may be ſtrong and laſting, as the Great Spirit is looking down upon us and ſeeing all we do, and will puniſh any one that breaks through it.

Gave a ſtring.

Brothers, give attention: We have now made peace, and taken each other by the hand for ever, We wiſh the trade may be eaſier upon us than it has been, as the times are very hard, and we hope you will ſend traders among us who will not cheat nor impoſe upon us.

A ſtring.

Then in behalf of the Ottawas and Cheppawas, he ſpoke thus: Brothers of the Thirteen United States, the Ottawa and Cheppawa Nations inform you by me, that they are all well pleaſed with what has been ſaid and done, and thank you for your kindneſs to them.

MARCH 28, 1786.

For the Information of the Citizens of Philadelphia.

WHEREAS the Magiſtrates and Street Commiſſioners have divided the city into two diſtricts for the enſuing year; and have agreed with Alexander Miller, as ſcavenger for the ſouth diſtrict, which begins at South-ſtreet, extending north to the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet; and with Michael Wartman, for the north diſtrict, beginning at the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet extending to the north ſide of Vine-ſtreet, and each diſtrict from the river Delaware as far weſt as the ſtreets, lanes and alleys are paved: And in order to inform the citizens, as well as the ſcavengers of their duty, and, that none may plead ignorance who may offend in the premiſes, the following ſections of the law reſpecting the ſame are herewith inſerted: The ſaid Magiſtrates and Street Commiſſioners being determined to put the ſaid law fully into execution.

Sect. 7. And be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid commiſſioners, or a majority of them, from time to time, ſhall employ, hire and agree with proper and capable perſons, to clean the cartway of the ſaid ſtreets, lanes and alleys, which have been heretofore, or ſhall be ſo paved as aforeſaid, and to remove and carry off from thence all mud, dirt, and other filth there found, that ſhall or may incommode the inhabitants, in ſuch manner and form, and at ſuch time or times as they, the ſaid commiſſioners, or a majority of them, with the magiſtrates of the city of Philadelphia, or any three of them, ſhall direct and appoint; which ſaid perſons, ſo agreed with and employed, ſhall take upon themſelves the office and duty of ſcavengers, purſuant to their reſpective agreements aforeſaid, under the penalty of five pounds for every neglect or refuſal; and if any ſuch ſcavenger ſhall neglect or refuſe to carry off and remove all and every part of the mud, mire, dirt and other filth found in the ſtreets, lanes and alleys aforeſaid, agreeable to his contract with the ſaid commiſſioners, he ſhall forfeit and pay any ſum not exceeding twenty ſhillings for every ſuch offence.

Sect. 8. And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that the inhabitants and occupiers of the houſes and lots, and the ſextons, porters, or other keepers of churches, meeting houſes, academies, ſchools, and other public buildings and burying grounds, fronting the paved ſtreets, lanes and alleys within the ſaid city, ſhall rake and ſweep into the cartway the dirt, ſoil and other filth to be found on the brick pavement or footway before their reſpective houſes, lots or dwellings, or cauſe the ſame to be done, once at leaſt in every week, that is to ſay, on every Friday, when the ſnow or ice on the ſaid pavements does not prevent, that it may be removed by the ſaid ſcavengers on the ſame day, or the day following, under the penalty of any ſum, not exceeding five ſhillings, for every neglect or refuſal.

Sect. 9. And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that no perſon or perſons whatſoever, ſhall caſt or lay, or cauſe to be caſt or laid, any ſhavings, aſhes, dung or other filth or annoyance, on any pavement within the ſaid city, under the penalty of any ſum, not exceeding twenty ſhillings for every ſuch offence; but every ſuch perſon or perſons, having ſuch ſhavings, aſhes, dung or other filth, ſhall keep the ſame in ſome other place, until the ſcavenger ſhall attend with his cart to carry off the ſame, which he is hereby enjoined to do, once in every week at leaſt, if required, at the door of every ſuch perſon, under the penalty of five ſhillings for every refuſal, and to take and receive the ſame into his cart, and to remove the ſame out of the inhabited parts of ſaid city, under the penalty of five ſhillings for every neglect or refuſal: Provided always, and be it enacted, that every ſuch perſon, having ſuch mud, dung, aſhes or other filth ſo to be carried off, ſhall pay to every ſuch ſcavenger, for all ſuch filth and no other, as ſhall be occaſioned by or ariſe from his partiular trade, buſineſs or occupation, and is not incident to common houſe keeping, at ſuch rate as ſhall be from time to time ſettled and aſcertained by the ſaid commiſſioners, unleſs he, ſhe or they, ſhall chooſe to carry off the ſame at his, her, or their own expence, in another manner.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE HONEY, jun. Clerk.

This Day is PUBLISHED,

AN ORATION,

Delivered before the *American* PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, Held in *Philadelphia*, on the 27th of *February*, 1786; Containing an enquiry into the Influence of Phyſical Cauſes upon the Moral Faculty.

BY BENJAMIN RUSH, M. D.

And profeſſor of Chemiſtry in the Univerſity of Pennſylvania.

Human Knowledge, under the preſent circumſtances of our beings and conſtitutions, may be carried much further than it has hitherto been, if men would employ all their induſtry, and labor of thought, in improving the means of diſcovering truth. Morality is the ſcience, and buſineſs of mankind. *Locke.*

Publiſhed at the requeſt of the Philoſophical Society.

Philadelphia: Printed by Charles Ciſt. And to be be ſold by all the Printers and Bokſellers in town. *Price* 2s. 6d.

To be SOLD at Private Sale,

Or LET for one or more years,

A Valuable Plantation and tract of LAND, ſituate on Cooper's creek, one mile only from Cooper's ferries, and between two and three miles (by water) from Philadelphia, adjoining lands of Meſſrs. William and Samuel Cooper, in Waterford townſhip, Gloucester county, New-Jerſey. Said premiſes contain upwards of 120 acres, whereof about 50 are cleared tillable land, 50 good wood land, on which are a ſufficient quantity of rail timber to accommodate the place, and the remaining 20 acres are excellent banked meadow. There is alſo a good frame brickpaned dwelling-houſe on the premiſes. The ſeveral advantages conſequent from the natural good quality of the ſoil, and its very agreeable and near ſituation to the Philadelphia market, are unneceſſary to enumerate. Immediate poſſeſſion will be given. For terms, enquire of the ſubſcriber, in Seventh-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

April 4, 1786. ¶ JOHN KEBLE.

N. B. If the above premiſes ſhould be ſold, a part of the purchaſe money being paid down, eaſy terms will be given for the remainder.

Philadelphia, April 4, 1786.

ALL Perſons indebted to the eſtate of John Bell, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers, particularly thoſe that owe for Grave-digging; and all perſons who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are hereby deſired to bring in their accounts properly atteſted, for ſettlement, to

LEONARD DORSEY, JOHN GERMON, } Adminiſtrators.

¶

Long Marſh, March, 1786.

TO be ſold by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 22d day of May next, about 2500 acres of LAND, lying together in Caroline and Queen Ann counties, in the ſtate of Maryland, known commonly by the name of Long Marſh, conſiſting of different tracts and farms, from 3 too 500 acres each, improved with convenient buildings, and orchards of excellent fruit, yielding great crops of cyder; about one half of the above lands are meadow grounds of prime quality; near 200 acres are now ſet in timothy graſs, and generally produce from two and a half to three and a half tons of hay per acre at one mowing, and 300 acres more are prepared and may be ſet with timothy next autumn.

Theſe lands have produced from eight to twelve barrels of corn per acre, and after ſix or eight years tillage in corn, ſet in graſs produce as above. Some of the meadows which have been ſet for twelve years in timothy graſs, do not require to be ſet a ſecond time. They produce tobacco equal to Indian corn or graſs, and hemp to great advantage. The above lands are paſſed through by the great roads leading from Annapolis to Dover, and from Philadelphia down the peninſula, heading all the rivers making out of the two bays of Cheſapeak and Delaware, and at their croſſing form a convenient place for trade, being 16 miles from Cheſtertown, 17 from Dover, 12 from Church-Hill, and 12 from the heads of the rivers Cheſter and Choptank, and are, as to ſituation, as convenient for purchaſing cattle, and in quality of ſoil, for grazing, as, perhaps, any lands in the United States. The above meadows never have required manure, and it is ſuppoſed, from their depth of ſoil, and uncommon fertility, never will require it, ſo long as the owners will be content with one crop of hay per year, and graze the ſecond crop of graſs.

Any particulars reſpecting the above lands, of which a perſon inclined to purchaſe may be deſirous to know, may be received by applying to VACHEL KEENE, and Captains JOHN and RICHARD KEENE, living on the premiſes. ¶ 5w.

LOST,

ON the 25th of March, between the city of Philadelphia and Græme Park, a certificate, iſſued out of the commiſſioner's office, Pennſylvania, to Andrew Creary, No. 1129, dated July 26, 1784, bearing intereſt from Sept. 29, 1779 amounting to 119 23-90ths dollars, ſpecie. Whoever has found the ſame, and will ſend it to the Rev. Mr. Nathaniel Irwin, in Warrington townſhip, Bucks county, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, paid by ANDREW CREARY.

N. B. The above certificate can be of no uſe to any perſon but the owner, as payment is ſtopped at the different offices. If found in Philadelphia, and brought to the Printers hereof, they will convey intelligence to the owner. ¶

To be Sold at Private Sale,

FORTY thouſand acres of Land, ſituate in the county of Montgomery, ſtate of New-York, lying between the German Flats and Cherry Valley, about 12 miles from the latter, 20 from the Mohawk river and 70 from Albany, bounded partly on the weſt ſide of lake Otſego and the river Suſquehanna, where Col. George Croghan formerly lived. Perſons applying before the 20th day of April next, may hear the terms and ſee a map of the premiſes, after which time attendance will be given on the ſpot, where any perſon applying may have as many acres as ſuits, and a clear and ample title made, by

Burlington, March the 28th, 1786. ¶ WILLIAM COOPER, ANDREW CRAIG.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Mount-Bethel, Northampton county, Pennſylvania, on the night of the 28th inſtant, An Iriſh Servant Man, named John Laird, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, black eyes and black hair; had on when he went away an old fur hat, an old brown broadcloth coat, an old ſilk waiſtcoat ſtriped red and yellow, a pair of jean overalls, woollen ſtockings and good ſhoes. Whoever will apprehend ſaid ſervant, and ſecure him ſo that the ſubſcriber may have him again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

March 29, 1786. ¶ HENRY DILLS.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed that the ſaid ſervant is the perſon who ſtole a dark brown mare from Samuel Rea.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of William Murray, of Mount-Bethel townſhip, Northampton county, deceaſed, and thoſe who have demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to meet the ſubſcriber, adminiſtrator to ſaid eſtate, on the firſt day of May next, at the houſe of Mr. James Ritchie, in the ſame townſhip and county, in order for ſettlement.

ROBERT FORSMAN, Adminiſtrator.

April 3d, 1786. ‡

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 5,

EXTRACTS from the Minutes of the Honorable the GENERAL ASSEMBLY *of* PENNSYLVANIA.

SATURDAY, April 1, 1786. A. M.

THE Houſe reſumed the conſideration of the report of the committee, poſtponed yeſterday, reſpecting the repeal of the charter of the Bank of North-America, and previous to the queſtion being put, on the reſolution ſubmitted by the committee, which is as follows:

That a ſpecial committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill to repeal an act, entituled "An Act to repeal an act of "Aſſembly, entituled "An Act to incorporate the ſubſcribers "to the Bank of North-America:" Alſo one other act, entitu- "led "An Act for preventing and puniſhing the counterfeiting "of the common ſeal, bank bills, and bank notes of the Preſi- "dent, Directors and Company of the Bank of North-America, "and for other purpoſes therein mentioned."

It was moved by Mr. Hannum, and ſeconded by Mr. Lowrey, to add threeto the words "and that the ſaid committee be direct- "ed to inſert in ſaid repealing bill a clauſe, ſubjecting the Bank "to proper regulations, reſtrictions and limitations;"

And carried in the negative by 39, againſt 30.

On the queſtion,---"Will the Houſe adopt the reſolution ſubmitted by the committee?"---the Yeas and Nays were as follow, viz.

YEAS. R. Morris, T. Fitzſimons, G. Clymer, J. Salter, G. Logan, W. Robinſon, jun. R. Ralſton, J. Moore, T. Bull, J. Hannum, S. Evans, T. Whelen, A. Hubley, A. Lowrey, E. Carpenter, J. Work, A. Scott, W. Parr, H. Miller, D. M'Conaughy, M. Schmyſer, P. Gartner, J. Lilly, H. Tyſon, D. M'Clellan, A. Eichelberger, G. Woods, S. Wheeler. 28.

NAYS. W. Will, J. Irvine, I. Gray, J. Clark, A. Erwin, J. Smith, J. Thomas, R. Smith, J. Morris, R. Whitehill, J. Carothers, F. Watts, J. Creigh, A. Lincoln, N. Lutz, H. Spyker, P. Kreemer, D. Davis, B. Gehr, R. Trail, P. Trexler, jun. P. Burkhalter, R. Brown, J. Piper, F. Antes, S. Dale, W. Todd, W. Findley, J. Hughes, J. M'Dowell, J. Edgar, J. Smilie, J. M'Calmont, A. Smith, J. Rhea, B. Rittenhouſe, R. Loller, A. Orth, R. Clark, D. Krouſe, D. Bradley. 41.

So it was carried in the negative.

Extract of a letter from an officer at Fort Harmer, at the mouth of the Muſkingum, on the Obio, dated February 8, 1786.

"The treaty which is ſtill holding with the Indians at Miami, is the chief topic among us at preſent. Till that is over we ſhall not be able to determine what the general diſpoſition of the Indians will be towards us. It is certain that war has been in contemplation among them, and that they have been exceedingly backward in coming to the treaty. There are two Indians now with us at the fort, who were ſent expreſs from the treaty; by them we have letters from General Parſons and the other commiſſioners. They mention that appearances were rather more favourable; four tribes of Indians had already come in, and they heard three more were on their way; and they knew of nothing that would prevent a favourable iſſue, unleſs it ſhould be the fault of ſome white people, whoſe intereſt it would be to have an Indian war, and were uſing their influence to bring on one.

"The commiſſioners have given us a caution to be on the look out: for a party of Indians, who call themſelves Cherokees, had poſitively refuſed to make peace, and had actually gone out to war.

"The Indians have not been in trade with us as yet; but we impute it to their being ſo buſily employed in hunting,---we ſoon expect plenty of them to trade,--there is a trader at this poſt with, plenty of goods, &c.

"Our fort is very commodious, and completely finiſhed---the gates are all ſhut at night, and we reſt ſecure. If no hoſtilities ſhould commence, we ſhall have an agreeable tour in this part of the world. Our living is exceedingly good, and I never enjoyed a better ſtate of health.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, to a friend of his in Connecticut, dated December 12, 1785.

"I could wiſh to ſee the independence of America eſtabliſhed upon ſo firm and ſolid a foundation, as would deter all nations from attempting to diſturb its tranquility, but am not without my fears that it will ere long be under the ſubjugation of our kingdom: A ſtorm is undoubtedly brewing, our king can never loſe ſight of his long nurſed darling object, that of humbling the inſolence of America, for its audacity in preſuming to diſpute his right of taking from you the property acquired in his auſpicious reign, under the benign influence and ſufferage, without the conſent of the proprietor; nor can he poſſibly digeſt the relinquiſhment of his right in tranſporting acroſs the Atlantic to England for trial and execution, ſuch of your countrymen as are refractory and refuſe paying implicit homage to his mandates.

"It was a miſrepreſentation from many of your great men, which principally occaſioned the late unhappy war, and it will be partly if not principally, owing to an opinion which prevails here, that your people are diſſatiſied with their preſent form of government, and that thoſe who have fought zealouſly in your cauſe, ſhould opportunity offer, would immediately change ſides and pull down the edifice they had aſſiſted to raiſe; that will produce the next rupture between the two countries, and from the beſt information I can obtain of the ſentimtnts which prevail in your country, we ſhould now, or even at any future period, meet with leſs obſtacles, in bringing you under the yoke, than we had to encounter during the late war. Your Congreſs being exceedingly circumſcribed in their authority, evinces the jealouſy and diſtruſt of the people, and tends to confirm a belief of your being in a very unſettled (if not jeopardous) ſituation, rather deſirous of returning to the old ſyſtem, than remaining under the new one. Reſt aſſured, my good friend, that nothing can be more pleaſing to the enemies of America, than your continuing Congreſs in the narrow limits which now characterize that body; and nothing ſo readily tends to defeat the machinations aimed at your country, as that of extending their authority beyond all limits, which alone can place you in a ſtate of ſafety at home, or make you reſpectable abroad. That ſo enlightened a people as America can boaſt of, ſhould for one moment heſitate in determining a point ſo eſſentially neceſſary for their exiſtence, is, I believe, aſtoniſhing to the whole world; and it may be juſtly deemed a phænomenon in nature, portending deſtruction to your country, which I am confident will take place, if not prevented by a ſpeedy alteration of meaſures among you.

"There are not wanting in Great-Britain, men of Great ability and influence, who, actuated by intereſted motives and ſiniſter views, are, with avidity, watching for an opportunity of ſtriking a deadly blow at the root of your exiſtence. I pray God may evert the evils, which I fear are pending over you; and that you may all be inſpired with that ſenſe of wiſdom, honor and liberty, which is ſo eſſential to your welfare, that the want of it muſt produce your deſtruction.

"It is believed among you, as I have been informed, the poſts and garriſons, upon your frontiers, will be delivered up to you in the ſpring: inſtead of which, you will find they will be ſtrongly reinforced, with men and artillery. If I gueſs wrong in this particular, I deſire no credit may be given to my future productions."

Saturday laſt a gale of wind came on from the north-eaſt, attended with hail and ſnow, which continued with encreaſing violence till Sunday morning, when it abated, leaving dreadful marks of its devaſtation on the ſhipping and craft in this harbour. Of the damages done we have the following account, which we fear is only a ſmall part occaſioned by this tremendous hurricane.

The brig Rebecca, from Virginia, at Race-ſtreet wharff, ſunk. She had fortunately diſcharged her cargoe of tobacco.

The ſloop Nancy, Capt. Stratten, bound for Virginia, with a full cargoe, ſunk at a wharff near the Drawbridge.

A ſloop drifted from Spruce-ſtreet wharff, and run aſhore in the Cove.

The Port-Penn Packet, laying at Walnut-ſtreet wharff, had the greateſt part of her upper works ſtove in.

A ſmall ſchooner ſunk at Market-ſtreet wharff.

Beſides the river craft laying at the warves ſuffered, in general, very conſiderably.

The ſnow Lady Hill, from this port, arrived at Dublin about the middle of December, and is daily expected here.

The Philadelphia, Towers, from Baltimore to Amſterdam, after the loſs of anchors and cables, is ſtranded in the ice at Krecopel; three ice boats were ſent to her aſſiſtance.

Extract of a letter from Boſton, dated March 22.

"Capt. Freeman, who arrived here on Monday laſt, from Shelburne, informs, on the 9th inſt. being about 20 leagues diſtant from Cape-Cod, bearing eaſt by north, he met with a wreck ſloop, between 80 and 90 tons burthen, a high and ſhort quarter deck, plank ſheered round, green ſtern and quarters, a new ſquare ſail with a ſquare tuck, maſt and ſpars gone, two ports on each ſide, loaded with lumber, and ſuppoſed to be bound to the Weſt-Indies. Capt. Freeman went on board with his boat, took from her a remarkable pair of tongs, marked B. C. a tiller, made of rock-maple, painted red and black. Diſcovered no perſon dead or alive, and it being very rugged he was obliged to leave her."

To the PRINTERS.

As the Preſs ought to be as ſacred to liberty, as the privilege of Speech is to the Members of Aſſembly in debate, you will pleaſe to inſert the following in your paper.

THOMAS PAINE.

IN the Pennſylvania Gazette of laſt Wedneſday is a publication, ſigned *Common Senſe*, which begins in the following manner:

'The bubble of Silas Deane, and the bubble of the oppoſition againſt the Bank, have ſeveral circumſtances in them that 'are alike. As an honeſt friend to the public I ſet myſelf to 'detect the one, and with the ſame motives of ſincerity I ſhall 'purſue the other.'

The concluding paragraph in that publication is, 'If there are 'any who ſuppoſe that I have engaged myſelf in this buſineſs 'merely on account of the bank, I wiſh them to ſtate their rea- 'ſons. I am ready to ſatisfy any man, either publicly or pri- 'vately, on this or any other circumſtance relating to my con- 'duct therein. I know how and where the oppoſition began, 'and the manner it has been conducted, even to the writing the 'report of the committee of the late houſe of Aſſembly. And 'the perſons concerned in this oppoſition have for ten years paſt 'known me too well to believe that I am governed by ſelf-in- 'tereſted motives.'

Here is a fair and open opportunity given to any man, either to charge me with it, or inform himſelf reſpecting it.

The pamphlet on the affair of the bank, under the ſignature of *Common Senſe*, was publiſhed on the firſt day of the meeting of the preſent ſitting of the Houſe, nearly ſix weeks ago. If the arguments uſed in that pamphlet, in ſupport of a public bank as beneficial to the ſtate could have been refuted, or the facts or matters ſtated therein contradicted, it ought to have been done. It is a public queſtion, a ſubject that concerns the intereſt of every man in the ſtate, and any lights that could have been thrown thereon, either by thoſe who were for, or thoſe who were againſt ſuch an inſtitution, would have been acceptable to the public. No ſubject of debate that has been agitated before the legiſlature of Pennſylvania, ever drew ſuch crouded audiences as attended the Houſe during the four days the debate laſted. And it was very eaſy to diſcover from the countenance of the people, that the debate has illuminated their minds, though it has been loſt upon the oppoſing party in the Houſe.

But inſtead of anſwering the pamphlet, or inſtead of making the charge I publicly invited, or obtaining the information I offered, the member from Fayette county, who can be at no loſs to know my ſuſpicions of his integrity on this buſineſs, which I ſhall in my ſubſequent publication lay before the public, gets up in his place, impertinently introduces the pamphlet to the Houſe, and calls the writer of it "an unprincipled author, whoſe pen is lett out for hire."

Reſpect to the repreſentative body of a free people, however wrong ſome of them, in my opinion, may be on this ſubject; the decency proper to be obſerved in ſuch a place, and on ſuch an occaſion, and the manners due to a numerous and reſpectable audience, reſtrained me to ſilence, or I ſhould have been juſtified in riſing and contradicting him by the moſt plain and unequivocal word the Engliſh language can expreſs.

I appeal to the honor, the feelings of any perſon, let his opinion reſpecting the inſtitution of a bank be what it may, whether there can be a greater inſtance of meanneſs, and depravity, or a greater proſtitution of legiſlative privilege, than, for a man, ſheltered under the ſanctioned authority of a repreſentative, and ſpeaking in his place, to make uſe of that opportunity to abuſe private characters: for though the name was not mentioned, the perſon alluded to was ſufficiently underſtood.

A perfect unlimited freedom of ſpeech muſt be allowed in legiſlative debates; and that liberty includes every other the tongue is capable of, if a man is baſe enough to uſe it. Had he charged an individual with breaking open a houſe, or robbing on the highway, or had he declared that the circumſtances of any private man were on the point of bankruptcy and thereby ruined his credit and his family, he might be called to order by the Speaker or any of the members, but this is all. The privilege of the Houſe protects him. There is no law can lay hold of him. This then, being the ſituation of a member, reſtrained by no checks but the ſenſe of honor and the force of principle, none who eſteemed his own character would exceed the bounds.

From conduct like this the oppoſition to the bank can derive no reputation; and the ſuſpicion will naturally ſpread, that where ſuch methods are uſed, ſomething bad muſt be at the bottom. But if Mr. Smilie choſe to make ſuch an attack, why did he not do it in the firſt day's debate? I could then have anſwered him as I now do, the next day, or if he had made it on the ſecond day, I could have anſwered him on the third, or if on the third I could have anſwered him on the laſt day; but he reſerved himſelf till juſt before the vote was taken, and when it could not be contradicted, for reaſons too obvious to be mentioned.

In the debate of Friday evening a member from the city mentioned one of the cauſes of the oppoſition to the bank, and connected it with an alluſion which, probably, related to Mr. Smilie. As I am acquainted with with the circumſtance, I ſhall lay it before the public, and they will then judge of Mr. Smilie's political honeſty in this buſineſs, and have a better inſight into the oppoſition than they have yet had.

Laſt year the vote for taking away the charter of the bank was upwards of 50 to 12. The vote laſt Saturday for reſtoring it with an additional clauſe, was 30 to 39. Mr. Clymer, though ſtrongly in ſupport of the bank, voted againſt it in this queſtion, becauſe he was againſt the additional clauſe. If his vote had been for it, the numbers would have ſtood 31 to 38.---conſequently four more votes would have re-eſtabliſhed the bank, and reſtored its full uſefulneſs again to the country.

In the preſent Houſe are twenty four members who were members of the late Houſe, and who voted for taking away the charter; yet with this number of clogged votes, the queſtion for reeſtabliſhing had nearly been carried. On the queſtion for reſtoring the charter, without the additional clauſe, the majority againſt it was thirteen.

By this ſtate of the buſineſs in the Houſe, and the great change of ſentiments that is ſpreading through both the city and country, it is viſible, that the people are recovering from the deluſion and bubble of the laſt year.

COMMON SENSE.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 3, 1786.

*** The AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY will meet at the Univerſity next Friday evening, at ſix o'clock.

April 1. ROBERT PATTERSON, Sec'ry.

¶§¶ The Managers of the PHILADELPHIA DISPENSARY give notice, that the Diſpenſary will be opened on Weeneſday, the 12th inſtant, in Strawberry-alley.

††† The Piece, ſigned, *A Freend to equal Liberty*, came to hand too late to be inſerted this Week.

On *FRIDAY* next,

Preciſely at NINE o'CLOCK, at the CITY VENDUE STORE, will begin the SALE of a large and general

Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

THE Contributors to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital are deſired to take notice, that their annual election for twelve Managers and a treaſurer, will be held at ſaid Hoſpital, on Monday, the firſt day of May next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

March 31, 1786.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subſcriber, either out and out, or on an eaſy yearly ground rent, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer,

SEVERAL Lots of Ground, ſituate in the town of NEW-PHILADELPHIA, lately laid out by the ſaid ſubſcriber, adjoining the town of Harriſburgh, in Dauphin county, on the river Suſquehanna. The ſaid lots command a beautiful proſpect of the ſaid river, on a high and healthy ſpot, and in a plentiful country, well calculated for trade, which is daily increaſing. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to Mr. George Cooper, the corner of Market and Fourth-ſtreets, in this city, or to the proprietor living in ſaid town.

Plans of the above town to be ſeen at the Coffee-Houſe, at Mr. Cooper's, and at the proprietor's. ADAM EKERT.

Philadelphia, March 31, 1786. ¶

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale by Public Vendue, at the Old Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, on Saturday, the 8th day of April next, at 7 o'clock in the evening, A two ſtory Frame Houſe, Frame kitchen, and a new Frame ſtable, and Lot of Ground thereunto belonging; ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on the eaſt ſide of Third-ſtreet (between Spruce and Lombard-ſtreets, and oppoſite to St. Peter's church) 22 feet, and in depth on the ſouth ſide of Cheſter (or Stamper's) alley 66 feet; bounded on the eaſt by ground of Edward Shippen, Eſq; on the ſouth by ground of Abſalom Jones &c. Said place has been for ſome time paſt (and now is) occupied as a public houſe of entertainment; ſubject to £ per annum, and ſold as the property of John Macklin, by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, March 27, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale by Public Vendue, at the Merchants Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, on Wedneſday, the 12th day of April next, at 7 o'clock in the evening, A new three ſtory Brick Houſe, and Lot of Ground thereunto belonging; ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, between Spruce and Union-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia; containing about 16 feet front on Third-ſtreet, and in length or depth 60 feet: bounded eaſtwardly by ground of Joſeph Wetherill, on the north and ſouth by ground of John Pile, and weſtwardly by Third-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a ground rent of £ per annum: taken in execution, and ſold as the property of John Levins, by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAT, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale by public vendue, at the Merchants Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, on Wedneſday, the 12th day of April inſtant, at 7 o'clock in the evening, A new two ſtory Frame Houſe, with a new Frame Back Building, and Lot or piece of Ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Shippen-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, ſouthward beyond the city of Philadelphia, in the diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth on ſad Shippen ſtreet 18 feet, and in length or depth 61 feet; bounded ſouthward by Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid, eaſtward by ground now belonging to the heirs of William Drewry, deceaſed, &c. Taken in execution and ſold as the property of Margaret Laghan, by JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, April 1ſt, 1786.

Philadelphia, April 1, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to Sale by public vendue, at the premiſes, in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, on SATURDAY the 15th inſt. at 2 o'clock in the Afternoon, two contiguous Tracts, Pieces, or Parcels of Land; ſituate on the ſouth-weſterly ſide of the great road leading from Philadelphia to Briſtol, and on both ſides of the road to Oxford church, containing, together, about 22 acres; bounded by lands of Joſeph Harper, Robert Adams, John Aitkins, and by the aforeſaid two roads: whereon are erected, a two ſtory ſtone houſe, ſtone kitchen, frame ſtables, ſheds, and other valuable improvements, and is now occupied as a public houſe of entertainment, known by the ſign of the *Seven Stars*; the ſituanion is healthy, and pleaſant for a gentleman's country ſeat, or public buſineſs, being about 6 miles from the city of Philadelphia; taken in execution, and to be ſold, as the property of Leonard Kreamer, by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber living in Mount-Bethel, Northampton county, Pennſylvania, on the night of the 28th inſtant, A dark brown Mare, near 15 hands high, ſix years old this ſpring, trots and paces, is ſhod before, has neither brand nor any natural mark. Whoever will apprehend the thief, and ſecure him ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, or for the mare only, EIGHT DOLLARS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by SAMUEL REA.

March 29, 1786. ¶

To be SLOD by public Vendue,

On the 20th inſt. at the BELL INN, in Kingſeſſing, purſuant to the laſt will of Margaret Wilſon, deceaſed,

A LOT of Marſh Meadow, ſituate in Kingſeſſing aforeſaid, bounded by Church creek, Barr creek, and lands of Robert Towers and Iſaac Hibberd, jun. containing about 10 acres. Alſo a Lot of upland in the ſaid townſhip, bounded by the road leading to Tinicum lands, belonging to the heirs of Andrew Cox, and others; a ſmall tenement is erected thereon, and a conſiderable number of apple trees planted. The ſale will begin at three o'clock in the afternoon, when the terms of ſale will be made known. JOHN GRANTHAM, Executor.

April 3, 1786.

State Lottery Tickets

For Sale at the Printing-Office.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Hempfield township, Lancaster county, about the middle of September last, two stray Creatures, viz. one a red and white COW, with a bell on; the other a black and white HEIFER, about three years old; they both have ear-marks. The owner or owners are desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away. ‡ SAMUEL WRIGHT.

Taunton Iron-works for SALE,

ALL those valuable works, called TAUNTON IRON-WORKS, situated in Evesham township, Burlington county, and state of New-Jersey, viz. Furnace now in blast, and will cast eighty tons of pig-iron a month, with every building belonging to the same new last summer; together with a sett of new stove patterns, a forge with three fires adjoining the furnace, now in compleat working order, the most of the works being new last fall;--and for the convenience of the above, one eighth of a Saw-mill, distant one mile from the said works. The purchaser may be accommodated with a quantity of pig-iron.

The above works are situated in a very plentiful part of the country, only seventeen miles from Philadelphia, and eight miles from a navigable creek leading to the same, those, with other advantages, renders it one of the most desirable purchases of the kind. The works are exceedingly well supplied by never-failing streams of water; a large body of iron ore so near the works, that the teams haul constantly three loads each per day, and the metal is well known to be equal to any on the continent, also a large tract of woodland adjoining and belonging to the same; the expence of conveying iron to Philadelphia is only fourteen shillings per ton. For further particulars apply at said works, to

¶ 6 w. GEORGE HASTINGS.

To be Sold at Public Sale,

At John Rutledge's, on the premises, the 18th day of April next, being the third day of the week, either together, or in lots of two to three hundred acres,

A TRACT of Land, called, Good Will Purchased again, situate in Hartford county, in the state of Maryland, twenty miles from Baltimore town, near the upper Cross Roads, containing one thousand five hundred and fifty-two and an half acres. It is mostly good wheat land, well watered, and a quantity of good meadow is and may be made on several of the lots, each of which has a proportion of wood land. There are several buildings and orchards on it, and the whole is well fenced, and its vicinity to Baltimore will render it very valuable. The purchase money to be paid in seven equal yearly payments, the purchasers giving satisfactory security, and paying the interest annually. A draught of the land, divided into lots, may be seen at John Rutledge's, on the premises, who will shew the land to any person desirous of viewing it.

CHARLES JERVIS,
February 28th, 1786. Attorney to Ann Pemberton.

N. B. The sale was advertised to have been the 9th of March, but by an accident is postponed till the above time.

THE subscriber, at his Manufactory at the Draw-bridge, manufactures and sells, at Wholesale and Retail, the different qualities of MUSTARD. He will take Mustard seed in exchange, or give for it 32*s.* per bushel, or 1*s.* per quart, dry measure. The same prices will be given by any of the undermentioned gentlemen, viz.

ISRAEL WHELEN, WHARTON AND EDWARDS, EZRA JONES, LEONARD DORSEY, AMOS WICKERSHAM, FISHER & ROBERTS, Philadelphia--And HESTON & CARPENTER, Cooper's Ferry. JOSEPH FEW.
Philadelphia, December 13th. t.b.c.t.f.

Philadelphia, Dec. 27, 1785.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM WEST, deceased, are once more requested to pay their respective balances by the first day of May next, to Messrs. Francis and John West, merchants, in this city, who are properly authorised by the subscribers, Executors of the above mentioned estate, to receive the same, and give regular discharges; and they do hereby notify the several persons indebted as aforesaid, that unless their accounts are fully paid off at the time above mentioned, they will be put into the hands of an Attorney, to be recovered by law.

A valuable tract of woodland, containing 45 acres, situate in Whitpain township, Montgomery county, near John Wentz's tavern, will be sold in lots, at public vendue, on the 25th of March next, at the aforementioned tavern, where the plan may be seen. Any person desirous to purchase the whole before the day of sale, may know the terms, by applying to the subscribers,

BENJAMIN FULLER,
JOHN NIXON,
tbctf. JOHN DONNALDSON,
DAVID H. CONYNGHAM.

American blistered STEEL,

Warranted equal in quality to the best steel imported from England, to be sold for the very low price of Fifty Pounds per ton, by J. NANCARROW and W. MATLACK, under the firm of NANCARROW and MATLACK, at John Helling's stores on Stamper's wharff, and in Second-street, between Race and Vine-streets; by Greenfield and Humphreys, on Chesnut-street wharff; by Casper Singer and Sons, in Market-street, between Third and Fourth-streets; at Benjamin Davies's, ironmonger, in Arch-street, between Front and Second-streets; and at Michael Gunkle's store, the north-east corner of Race and Fourth-streets.

THE great encouragement the said John Nancarrow has heretofore met with by the large quantities of steel he has made at Philadelphia and Trenton, previous to, and during the war, has induced the said Nancarrow and Matlack to inform the public in general, and their friends in particular, that they intend carrying on the steel trade in a very extensive manner, and that no pains shall be spared to render their steel worthy of the character given it; their process being in all respects the same as that of the most celebrated manufactories in Great-Britain. Philadelphia, 11th Month 30th, 1785. cf.

JAMES NEWPORT,

At his Distillery Store, in Front-street (west side) six doors above Arch-street, has by Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest rates,

MADEIRA, Lisbon, Teneriffe, } Wines,
Jamaica spirits,
West India rum,
Philadelphia and New England rum,
Plain brandy,
Rasberry ditto,
Cherry ditto,
Gin in casks and cases,
Shrub which makes very fine punch with only the addition of water,
Cinnamon water,
Aniseed ditto,
Clove ditto,
Orange ditto,
Pepper mint ditto,
All fours ditto,
Spirits of wine,
Fine flavoured rum and wine colouring.

N. B. Good allowance is made to those who buy to sell again.
Philadelphia, October 19, 1785. 3 m.

Mill-Stones & Boulting Cloths

FOR SALE, BY

ROBERT LEWIS & SONS,

At their STORES, on the fourth wharff below the Drawbridge, and next to Levi Hollingsworth's,

FRENCH BURS of various sizes and dimensions, with directions (if required) for laying out the quarters, and dressing them to the best advantage.

COLOGNE STONES; several odd ones of different sizes.

COUNTRY made ditto, of all sizes commonly used, or that may be ordered, of the best grit for merchants or country work, or to grind with a French bur, ever yet experienced in this state.

Boulting-Cloths, warranted good:

A very extensive and compleat assortment, just imported from the Manufactories, suitable to every branch of the Boulting Business, and to be disposed of *at the former low rates*, at the stores abovementioned, or in Spruce-street, three doors from Third-street.

MILLERS and others may be furnished with Cloths of superior quality and texture to any we have known imported into America, *some of which are much finer than usual*:--Those who are unacquainted with this *very difficult article*, may depend on being furnished with such CLOTHS as will certainly answer their purposes *(without the trouble and expence of returning them)* provided they will attend to directions which will be given for affixing them in the most advantageous manner to perform the work intended, according to the different qualities of wheat, and modes of manufacturing grain in the various parts of the United States.

A MILLER wanted on Hire.

An honest, industrious man (without a family) who understands his business well, and is capable of acting as a Foreman, in a mill which is fully employed on merchants work, ten miles distant from Philadelphia, where he will have three or four hands under him; he must take upon himself all the care of the business in the absence of his employer; and should therefore be capable of making entries in a common day book, as well as receiving and paying small sums of money. He must produce unquestionable recommendations of his honesty, industry and sobriety; without which no application need be made. For further particulars apply as above to ROBERT LEWIS & SONS, or ROBERT LEWIS, jun. at Pennypack-mills, near the ten mile stone, on the Bristol road. Phil. Feb. 28. 6 w.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered on the 25th day of March next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing 163 acres of land, lying on the banks of Ancocas creek, in the township of Wellingborough, county of Burlington, about 15 miles from Philadelphia, and 5 from Burlington; there is on said plantation, a good two story brick house, 20 feet by 30, a log kitchen, and pump at the door, a commodious frame barn, a bearing orchard of about 6 acres, about 16 acres of meadow, a proportional part of the land cleared, and a considerable part of the fencing cedar. The terms are, half the money down, the remainder, on giving security, very easy. The price is 700 l. For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, in Burlington, who can procure a clear and ample title for the above described premises. § WILLIAM COOPER.

Doctor HILL's *American Balsam,*

IS to be sold in Philadelphia, by Mr. William Poyntell, at his store, the corner of Black-Horse alley, in Second-street, also by Mr. George Reinholt, in Market-street, the second door above Fifth-street; by Mr. Steiner, at the German printing office, in Race-street; at Germantown, by Mr. Justus Fox; at Lancaster, by Ludwick Lowman, Esq; at New York, by Hugh Gaine; and by the subscriber, at her place in Blockley, price six shillings and six-pence a bottle, and by the dozen six shillings a bottle.

This Balsam is now upwards of 20 years so well known in America that it is a most effectual and infallible medicine for colds, coughs and asthmas; it gives great relief in the most painful rheumatism, in cholics, gravel and consumption; it is a most excellent cure in the whooping cough, and in most all the disorders and sicknesses of children, and for many other diseases, as may be seen in the printed directions in English and German on each bottle. In old diseases of long standing, it will be necessary to continue the use of this healing balsam for a reasonable time, by more than one single bottle, and then they may expect relief from this, as thousands of people can testify who have tried other things without success; there are indeed several balsams and preparations of medicine, which gives sometimes present relief for a short time in many disorders, but soon after returns more furious than before, but this American balsam performed perfect and effectual cures; its fame is spread most every where, it is almost inconceivable to hear what surprising cures this balsam has performed with people who have tried and experienced its wonderful effects: Each bottle is sealed up with the representation of a certain plant in a heart, and if any balsam under this name should be sold in any other place not mentioned in my advertisements, the public may be assured it is not Dr. Hill's balsam, but counterfeit, because no other person is able to prepare the genuine balsam, for want of the principal ingredients of which Dr. Hill's American balsam is composed.

Since the former proprietors are deceased, both William Young, junior and senior, therefore the present is a sister to William Young, jun. botanist. ¶ CHRISTIANA LEECH.

WAS left with the subscriber (living about 3 miles from Lancaster, on the road to Philadelphia,) by an unknown woman, on the 15th day of January last, a black HORSE, about 13 or 14 years old, 14 hands high, neither brand nor ear mark that appears; the owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away within three weeks from this date, otherwise he will be sold for the same, by,

Feb. 13, 1786. ¶ JACOB LANDIS.

To be SOLD, by the Subscriber,

Living in Mahoning township, Northumberland county, 14 miles from Northumberland, near the great road leading from Northumberland town to Wyoming,

A TRACT or Piece of deeded land, containing 265 acres; there is on said land a tolerable good dwelling-house, and about 30 or 40 acres of clear land, four whereof meadow, and 20 more may be made. The title is indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to the subscriber, living on the premises. Feb. 23, 1786. † GARRET BARRY.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, not to purchase any roots, shrubs nor trees of any kind of the widow Young, at the place in Kingsess, near Schuylkill, where she now lives on, as they are not hers. Any person purchasing any of said things after date hereof, will be accountable for such to the right owners, and will be dealt with according to law; in behalf of the Executors of the estate of William Young, senior, deceased. ¶ MAXIMILIAN LEECH.

WANTED,

A LARGE Quantity of Spanish Oak, White Oak and Black Oak BARK, for which a good Price, and ready Money will be given, by the Tanners in Germantown. ¶

BRUSHES

Made and sold, wholesale and retail, by

ROBERT COE,

In Strawberry-Alley, next door below the Bull's head, where he has for sale,

A GENERAL assortment of country made and imported house brushes, and such as are for shipping use, also those used by the different tradesmen, such as painters, hatters, tanners, weavers, brassfounders, silversmiths &c. likewise black hall and shaving boxes; a reasonable allowance is made to such as buy by the dozen or larger quantity. Orders from country storekeepers attended to with care and dispatch. The market price given for hogs bristles and horse tails.

N. B. An apprentice is wanted to said business; none but such as can be well recommended need apply. ¶

WHEREAS a certain Leonard Diller hath obtained a note from me the subscriber, dated the 3d December, 1785, for the payment of thirteen pounds on the first day of May then next. And whereas I have not received any consideration for said note from the aforesaid Leonard Diller: These are therefore to forewarn all persons not to take any assignment of the said note, as I am determined not to pay the same.

Lancaster, Feb. 8, 1786. ¶ VALENTINE RANK.

TO BE SOLD,

A House and lot on the east side of Third-street, between Race and Vine-streets; the lot 26 feet front, and 196 feet deep. Also, a plantation, situate in Germantown, containing 32 acres, more or less, 6 acres of meadow, which may be well watered, 6 acres of orchard containing both summer and winter apples, with a good house, store and barn. Any person inclining to purchase either of the above premises, may be further informed by applying to Peter Buckius, in Third-street, next door to the Black Eagle, or to William Piper, next door to the Red-Lion, in Second-street, Philadelphia. ¶

To be Sold at Private Sale,

THE valuable mills in Allen-town, containing two pair of stones, one of which is an excellent pair of burs, with two reels in the merchant box, two ditto, one for country work and one for corn, with an excellent kiln for drying corn for exportation, two good dwelling houses, spring-house, barn and out houses, with thirty-five acres of land, fourteen acres of which is excellent meadow, all joining the above premises, with seven acres of woodland within two miles of the same; the above premises are in an excellent part of the country for merchant and country work, and all in good repair. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the premises, and the payment will be made easy, by applying to the subscriber on the premises. PETER IMLAY.

Allen-town, New-Jersey, Feb. 13, 1786.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE FARM, in Norriton township, Montgomery county, about 19 miles from the city of Philadelphia, and two and an half from the county town, consisting of 100 acres, 20 of which are woodland, 14 most excellent watered meadow, and the remainder arable land; the whole under good fence. The improvements are a stone dwelling-house, barn, stable, &c. subject to a yearly ground rent of 4 l. For terms, apply to Col. Thomas Craig, on the Reading road, or to the subscriber, in Philadelphia. THOMAS L. MOORE.

Darby, Chester county, Second month 6th, 1786.

WAS taken up, trespassing within the subscriber's inclosure, a bay MARE, 14 hands high, has neither brand or natural marks, supposed about 9 years old. The owner is desired to apply to me in Darby, take his mare, and pay the charges. ¶ JOSIAH BUNTING.

Philadelphia, February 17, 1786.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOSEPH RUSH, late Coroner of this city and county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to deliver them in, properly attested. Attendance will be given at his late dwelling, the sign of the Red Lion, by MARY RUSH, Executrix,
¶ GEORGE INGELS, Executor.

WANTED at the Delaware Wokrs,

A Number of regularly bred nailors, to be employed in a Nail Factory: Wanted also, a number of boys, of eleven years of age and upwards, as apprentices, to be bred to the nailing business: Such boys will be properly maintained, will be taught to read, write and cypher, and at the end of their apprenticeship will receive the usual freedom dues, and also twenty dollars in specie. For more particular information, apply to Mr. William Young, at the works, Mr. John Little, in Philadelphia, at Mr. Richard Humphreys's, in Sixth-street, between Market and Arch-streets, James Moore, Esq; in Chester county, or Mr. Thomas Hastings, at cooper's ferry. JOHN LITTLE, & Co.

February 16th, 1786.

TO BE SOLD,

Or exchanged for a house of the same value in this city,

AN Estate of one thousand and thirty-eight acres of LAND, in what is called the Quaker Settlement, which is esteemed the best neighbourhood and grazing land in Sussex county, West New-Jersey. It lies about four miles above Hacket's-town, on the great road to Sussex Court-house, and twelve miles from the Delaware. There are two settlements on this tract: one on the great meadows on Pequaesse river, containing at least 150 or 160 acres of the meadow (which having scarcely any wood or underwood may be reduced by little more than ditching) together with a log-house, orchard, and about 70 or 80 acres of cleared limestone arable upland. The other settlement on this tract is smaller, having a house and about 30 acres of cleared arable upland, and 15 acres of good meadow, which is chiefly mowable, and near as much more may be made. This settlement lies on the road from Hacket's-town to the Court-house, and has been occupied as a tavern, for which it is a good stand. This part of the tract also takes in a corner of a fine lake, which covers upwards of 50 acres of ground, and abounds with pike, sun fish, red perch and trout. The lake vents itself by a mill-stream, which eventually falls into the Delaware through other larger streams. The rest of the tract is chiefly rough woodland, sufficient for burning any quantity of lime-stone for the farms. There is in the neighbourhood a very extensive range for cattle and stock of all kinds. For terms, and a view of the plan of the premises, apply to JOHN D. COXE, Counsellor at law, Front-street, or COXE and FRAZIER. ¶ 4 w.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.